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AN ORDINANCE OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA, ENACTED TO PROTECT EXISTING AND FUTURE POTABLE WATER SUPPLIES; TO BE KNOWN AS THE COUNTY PROTECTION PALM BEACH WELLFIELD ORDINANCE; SHORT APPLICABILITY, PROVIDING FOR TITLE AND CONSTRUCTION; SETTING FOR THE LEGISLATIVE INTENT; PROVIDING FOR DEFINITIONS; PROVIDING FOR MAPS OF ZONES OF INFLUENCE; PROVIDING FOR RESTRICTIONS WITHIN ZONES OF PROVIDING FOR PERMITS; PROVIDING INFLUENCE; THE FOR PROVIDING PROTECTION OF FUTURE WELLFIELDS; DETERMINATION OF LOCATION WITHIN ZONES; PROVIDING FOR THE APPLICATION TO NEW ACTIVITIES AND RESTRICTIONS ON THE ISSUANCE OF BUILDING PERMITS AND OCCUPATIONAL LICENSES; PROVIDING FOR GENERAL EXEMPTIONS; PROVIDING FOR SPECIAL EXEMPTIONS; PROVIDING FOR COMPENSATION; PROVIDING FOR THE TRANSFER OF THE REGULATED ACTIVITY; PROVIDING FOR TRADE PROVIDING FOR VIOLATIONS, ENFORCEMENT SECRETS; PENALTIES; PROVIDING FOR ENFORCEMENT BY THE GROUNDWATER AND NATURAL RESOURCES PROTECTION BOARD; PROVIDING FOR REVIEW BY THE ENVIRONMENTAL ORDINANCE APPEALS BOARD; PROVIDING FOR THE PALM BEACH COUNTY POLLUTION RECOVERY TRUST FUND; PROVIDING FOR REPEAL OF LAWS IN CONFLICT; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; PROVIDING FOR INCLUSION IN THE CODE OF LAWS AND ORDINANCES; PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, most of Palm Beach County's potable water supply is obtained from localized shallow aquifer sources, and

WHEREAS, it is acknowledged that inappropriate development and land use contributes to degradation of groundwater quality, and

WHEREAS, there is a need to protect the existing and future potable water supply sources of Palm Beach County from degradation and from the intentional or unintentional introduction of deleterious substances into such sources, and

WHEREAS, it is the intent and policy of the Board of County Commissioners of Palm Beach County, to ensure under this Ordinance, the continued health, safety, welfare and quality of environment for the residents of and visitors to Palm Beach County, and

whereas, the Board of County Commissioners has the authority under the Palm Beach County Charter to adopt a countywide ordinance relating to the protection of wells and wellfields by providing criteria for regulating and prohibiting the use, handling,

production and storage of certain deleterious substances which may impair present and future public potable water supply wells and 2 wellfields. NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA that: Section 1. SHORT TITLE; APPLICABILITY; CONSTRUCTION. 1.01 This Ordinance shall be known as the "Palm Beach County Wellfield Protection Ordinance." 10 11 All provisions of this Ordinance shall be effective 12 within the incorporated and unincorporated areas of Palm Beach 13 County, Florida, and shall set restrictions, constraints and 14 prohibitions to protect present and future public potable water 15 supply wells and wellfields from degradation by contamination of 16 deleterious substances. 17 18 This Ordinance shall be liberally construed to 1.03 19 effectuate the purposes set forth herein. 20 21

Section 2. <u>LEGISLATIVE INTENT</u>.

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2.01 The intent and purpose of this Ordinance is to protect and safeguard the health, safety, and welfare of the residents and visitors of Palm Beach County, Florida by providing criteria for regulating and prohibiting the use, handling, production and storage of certain deleterious substances which may impair present and future public potable water supply wells and wellfields.

2.02 The Generic Substance List attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit A, is provided for informational purposes and may be revised from time to time by the Department

without further action by the County Commission. Persons using, handling, producing or storing a substance on the generic list may be using, handling, producing or storing a Regulated Substance as defined by this Ordinance and, therefore, may be subject to the requirements of this Ordinance. Persons unsure as to whether they are subject to this Ordinance may wish to consult with the Department.

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## Section 3. <u>DEFINITIONS</u>.

by the Department.

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3.01 The following definitions apply within this Ordinance:

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(a) Aquifer. A groundwater bearing geologic formation, or formations, that contain enough saturated permeable material to yield

significant quantities of water.

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(b) Closure Permit. That permit required by activities which

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must cease operation pursuant to the provisions of Section 5 of this Ordinance, the criteria for which are

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set forth under Section 6 of this Ordinance.

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materials and documents which are necessary to support

(c) Completed Application. An application which includes all

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the application and which has been accepted as complete

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(d) Cone of Depression. An area of reduced water levels

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-which results from the withdrawal of groundwater from a point of collective source such as a well, wellfield, de-

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watering site or quarry. The areal extent and depth of

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the depression is a function of the hydraulic properties

of the aquifer, the pumpage rates and recharge rates.

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(e) Department. Palm Beach County Department of

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Environmental Resources Management, charged by the Board of County Commissioners with responsibility for

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administering and enforcing this Ordinance.

(f) <u>Designated Public Utility</u>. That public utility which operates a well or wells for which the zones of influence include part or all of the property on which the nonresidential activity is located.

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- (g) <u>Domestic Sludge</u>. A solid waste resulting from sewage, seepage, or food service operations, or any other such waste having similar characteristics. Domestic sludge includes sludge resulting from the treatment of domestic wastewater.
- (h) <u>Domestic Wastewater</u>. Wastewater derived principally from dwellings, business buildings, institutions, and the like; sanitary wastewater; sewage.
- (i) Emergency Hazardous Situation. Exists whenever there is an immediate and substantial danger to human health, safety, or welfare or to the environment.
- (j) Environmental Ordinance Appeals Board. That Board designated by the Board of County Commissioners of Palm Beach County to hear and render decisions on appeals of final administrative determinations, and to conduct hearings and render decisions as required under applicable county environmental Ordinances.
- (k) EPA. United States Environmental Protection Agency.
- (1) Exfiltration System. Any gallery, perforated or "leaky" pipe or similarly designed structure which is used to dispose of untreated stormwater by allowing the routed water to percolate by subsurface discharge directly or indirectly into the groundwater.
- (m) Facility. Main structures, accessory structures and activities which store, handle, use or produce Regulated Substances. Where contiguous facilities exist and such facilities are separate in the nature of the businesses, they shall remain separate under this Ordinance.

(n) Generic Substance List. Those general categories of substances set forth in Exhibit A attached hereto and incorporated herein.

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- (o) Groundwater. Water that fills all the unblocked voids of underlying material below the ground surface, which is the upper limit of saturation, or water which is held in the unsaturated zone by capillarity.
- (p) Groundwater and Natural Resources Protection Board. That Board designated by the Board of County Commissioners of Palm Beach County, to hear alleged violations of this Ordinance and other state and local laws protecting the groundwater and natural resources of the County.
- (q) <u>Laboratory.</u> A designated area or areas used for testing, research, experimentation, quality control, or prototype construction, but not used for repair or maintenance activities (excluding laboratory equipment), the manufacturing of products for sale, or pilot plant testing.
  - (r) <u>Land Application</u>. The application or disposal of effluents or sludges on, above, or into the surface of the ground through spray irrigation, land spreading, or other methods.
  - (s) Nonresidential Activity. Any activity which occurs in any building, structure or open area which is not used primarily as a private residence or dwelling.
  - (t) One Foot Drawdown Contour. The locus of points around a well or wellfield where the free water elevation is lowered by one (1) foot due to a specified pumping rate of the well or wellfield.
  - (u) Operating Permit. The permit required of certain activities under Section 5 of this Ordinance to operate, the criteria for which are set forth under Section 6 of

- the criteria for which are set forth under Section 6 of this Ordinance.
- (v) <u>Percolation Pond.</u> An artificial impoundment similar to a holding pond for which the design and operation provides for fluid losses through percolation or seepage.
- (w) Person. Any individual, public or private corporation, firm, association, joint venture, partnership, municipality, governmental agency, political subdivision, public officer, owner, lessee, tenant or any other entity whatsoever or any combination of such jointly or severally.
- (x) <u>Potable Water</u>. Water that is intended for drinking, culinary or domestic purposes, subject to compliance with County, State or Federal drinking water standards.
- (y) Public Utility. Any privately-owned, municipally-owned, County-owned, special district-owned, or State-owned system providing water or wastewater service to the public which has at least fifteen (15) service connections or regularly serves at least twenty-five (25) individuals daily for at least sixty (60) days of the year.
- (z) Regulated Substances.

(1) Those deleterious substances an contaminants, including degradation and interaction products which, because of quality, concentration, or physical, chemical (including ignitability, corrosivity, reactiveness and toxicity), or infectious characteristics, radioactivity, mutagenicity, carcinogenicity, teratogenicity, bioaccumulative effect, persistence (non-degradability) in nature, or any other characteristic, may cause significant harm to human health and environment (including surface and groundwater, plants, and animals).

(2) Regulated Substances shall include, but are not limited to, those substances set forth in the lists, as amended from time to time, entitled Lists of Hazardous Wastes (40 CFR Part 261, Subpart D), 40 CFR, Part 261, Appendix VIII-Hazardous Constituents, and EPA Designation Reportable Quantities and Notification Requirements for Hazardous Substances Under CERCLA (40 CFR 302, effective July 3, 1986); provided, however, that this Ordinance shall only apply whenever the aggregate sum of all quantities of any one Regulated Substance at a given facility/building at any one time exceeds five (5) gallons where said substance is a liquid, or twenty-five (25) pounds where said substance is a solid.

The Ordinance shall also apply if no single substance exceeds the above reference limits but the aggregate sum of all Regulated Substances present at one facility/building at any one time exceeds one hundred (100) gallons if said substances are liquids, or five hundred (500) pounds if said substances are solids.

Where Regulated Substances are dissolved in or mixed with other non-Regulated Substances, only the actual quantity of the Regulated Substance present shall be used to determine compliance with the provisions of this Ordinance.

Where a Regulated Substance is a liquid, the total volume of the regulated Substance present in a solution or mixture of said substance with other substances shall be determined by volume percent composition of the Regulated Substance, provided that the solution or mixture

of the regulated Substance present in a solution or mixture of said substance with other substances shall be determined by volume percent composition of the Regulated Substance, provided that the solution or mixture containing the Regulated Substance does not itself have any of the characteristics described in Section 3.01 (z) (1) above.

- (aa) Retention or Detention Pond. Any pit, pond, or excavation excluding canals of conference which creates a body of water by virtue of its connection to groundwater, and which is intended to receive stormwater.
- (bb) Spill. The unpermitted release or escape of a Regulated Substance, irrespective of the quantity thresholds in Section (z) (2), directly or indirectly to soil, surface waters or groundwaters.
- (cc) Stormwater Treatment Volume. For commercial or industrial properties, one half (1/2) inch of runoff calculated over the entire project area excluding canals and lakes. For residential properties, one half (1/2) inch of runoff times the percentage of all impervious surfaces.
- (dd) <u>Utility.</u> A public utility, power company or telephone company which serves the general public.
- (ee) Well. Any excavation that is drilled, cored, bored, washed, driven, dug, jetted, or otherwise constructed when the intended use of such excavation is to conduct groundwater from a source bed to the surface by pumping, natural flow or other method.
- (ff) Wellfield. An area of land which contains one or more than one well for obtaining water.
- (gg) Zones of Influence. Zones delineated by iso-travel time contours and he one (1) foot drawdown contour within

cones of depression owells which obtain water from the unconfined or surficial aquifer system. These zones are calculated, based on the rate of movement of groundwaters in the vicinity of wells at a specified pumping rate.

(hh) Zones of Influence Maps. Aerial photographs at scales determined by the Department showing the location on the ground of the outer limits of Zones of Influence for present and future public potable water supply wells and wellfields permitted for 100,000 gallons per day or more.

#### Section 4. MAPS OF ZONES OF INFLUENCE.

4.01 The Zones of Influence Maps developed as described in subsection 4.02, Zone One (1) being completed on February 19, 1988, and Zones Two (2) and Three (3) being completed in May, 1988, are incorporated herein and made a part of this Ordinance. These Maps shall be on file and maintained by the Department. Any amendments, additions or deletions to said Maps shall be approved by the Board of County Commissioners of Palm Beach County following written notice, by the Department, to property owners within the area covered by the amendment, addition, or deletion, and after public hearing. Written notice as provided herein shall be at least thirty (30) days prior to the public hearing on the amendment, addition or deletion. Said maps shall be provided to the Palm Beach County Planning, Zoning and Building Department, the Groundwater and Natural Resources Protection Board and any other agency requesting said maps.

4.02 The Zones of Influence maps are based upon travel time contours and one foot drawdown contours. They are generated using a contaminant transport computer model that simulates pollutant movement using particles released around wells in an inverted head/velocity field. The head/velocity field is calculated by

using finite difference computer modeling techniques that incorporate the effects of an extensive canal system and Year 2010 build out pumpage rates. The pumping rates were determined by first projecting population figures for the Year 2010 for each public utility service area and multiplying this by a per capita consumption rate determined by the South Florida Water Management District and by consultation with public utilities regarding wellfield expansion and development.

- 4.03 The Zones of Influence Maps shall be reviewed at least on an annual basis. However, failure to conduct said review shall not affect the validity of the existing approved Maps. The basis for updating said Maps may include, but is not limited to, the following:
  - (a) Changes in the technical knowledge concerning the applicable aquifer.
  - (b) Changes in pumping rate of wellfields.
  - (c) Wellfield reconfiguration.
  - (d) Designation of new wellfields.
- 4.04 The Zones of Influence indicated on the Zones of Influence Maps are as follows:
  - (a) Zone One (1): The land area situated between the well(s) and the thirty (30) day travel time contour.
  - (b) Zone Two (2): The land area situated between the thirty (30) day and the two hundred ten (210) day travel time contours.
  - (c) Zone Three (3): The land area situated between the two hundred ten (210) day and the five hundred (500) day travel time contours.
  - (d) Zone Four (4). The land area situated beyond the five hundred (500) day travel time contour and within the

Section 5. RESTRICTIONS WITHIN ZONES OF INFLUENCE.

5.01 Zone One (1): The use, handling, production, and storage of Regulated Substances associated with nonresidential activities is prohibited in Zone One (1), except as provided under the General Exemptions and Special Exemptions provisions of this Ordinance. All existing nonresidential activities within Zone One (1) which store, handle, use or produce any Regulated Substances shall cease to do so within one year from the date of notification under this Ordinance, except as provided in this Section. The owners or operators of such activities within Zone One (1) shall be notified in writing, by certified mail, or hand delivery by the Department, within sixty (60) days of the effective date of this Ordinance as to the requirement to cease the use, handling, storage, and production of Regulated Substances.

A Closure Permit application, General Exemption application if the activity is claimed to be exempted under the provisions of Sections 12.02, 12.03, or 12.07 of the Ordinance, or a Special Exemption application prepared and signed by a Professional Engineer or Professional Geologist registered or licensed in the State of Florida shall be submitted to the Department within 120 days receipt of the notice to cease. Within 30 days of receipt of said notice, the owner or operator shall file with the Department proof of retention of said engineer or geologist.

Any nonresidential activity in Zone One (1) which is allowed to continue in accordance with the General Exemptions or Special Exemptions set forth in this Ordinance shall obtain an Operating Permit, unless expressly not required by this Ordinance, which shall indicate the special conditions to be instituted and the

dates on which such conditions shall be instituted. Such activities shall comply with all Zone Two (2) requirements unless otherwise provided herein. No expansions, modifications or alterations which would increase the storage, handling, use or production of Regulated Substances shall be permitted in Zone One (1). An owner or operator that is denied a Special Exemption shall be issued a Closure Permit as part of the denial process. Any operating permit application required herein shall be filed with the applications for General Exemption or Special Exemption.

5.02 Zone Two (2): All nonresidential activities within Zone Two (2) which store, handle, use or produce any Regulated Substance are prohibited from doing so unless they qualify as a General Exemption, obtain a Special Exemption, or receive an Operating Permit from the Department which complies with the following conditions:

#### (a) Containment of Regulated Substances.

Leak-proof trays under containers, floor curbing or other systems to provide secondary containment shall be installed. The containment shall be of adequate size to handle all spills, leaks, overflows, and precipitation until appropriate action can be taken. The specific design and selection of materials shall be - sufficient to preclude any Regulated Substance loss to the external environment. Containment systems shall be sheltered so that the intrusion of precipitation is effectively prevented. The owner/operator may choose to provide adequate and appropriate liquid collection methods rather than sheltering only after approval of the design by the Department. These requirements shall apply to all areas of use, production, and handling, to all storage areas, to loading and off-loading areas, and to above-ground and underground storage areas. The containment devices and liquid collection systems shall be certified in the operating permit application by the Professional Engineer or Professional Geologist registered or licensed in the State of Florida.

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- (b) Emergency collection devices. Vacuum suction devices, absorbent scavenger materials or other devices approved by the Department, shall be present on-site or available within two (2) hours (one hour in Zone One) by contract with a clean up company approved by the Department, in sufficient magnitude so as to control and collect the total quantity of Regulated Substances present. To the degree feasible, emergency containers shall be present and of such capacity as to hold the total quantity of Regulated Substances plus absorbent material. The presence of such emergency collection devices shall be certified in the Operating Permit application for existing activities. Such certification activities shall be provided to the Department prior to the presence of Regulated Substances on the site. Certification shall be provided by a Professional Engineer or Professional Geologist registered or licensed
- (c) Emergency plan. An emergency plan shall be prepared and filed with the Operating Permit application indicating the procedures which will be followed in the event of spillage of a Regulated Substance so as to control and collect all such spilled material in such a manner as to prevent it from reaching any storm or sanitary drains or the ground.

in the State of Florida.

(d) <u>Inspection</u>. A responsible person designated by the permittee who stores, handles, uses or produces the Regulated Substances shall check on every day of operation, for breakage or leakage of any container holding the Regulated Substances. Electronic sensing devices may be employed as part of the inspection process, if approved by the Department, and provided the sensing system is checked daily for malfunctions. The manner of daily inspection shall not necessarily require physical inspection of each container provided the location of the containers can be inspected to a degree which reasonably assures the Department that breakage or leakage can be detected by the inspection. Monitoring records shall be kept and made available to the Department at all reasonable times for examination.

- (e) Proper and adequate Regular Maintenance of containment and emergency equipment. Procedures shall be established for the quarterly in-house inspection and maintenance of containment and emergency equipment. Such procedure shall be in writing; a regular checklist and schedule of maintenance shall be established; and a log shall be kept of inspections and maintenance. Such logs and records shall be available for inspection by the Department.
- (f) Reporting of spills. Any spill of a Regulated Substance in excess of the non-aggregate quantity thresholds in Section 3.01(z)(2) shall be reported by telephone to the Palm Beach County Health Unit and designated public utility within one (1) hour, and the Department within twenty-four (24) hours of discovery of the spill. Cleanup shall commence immediately upon discovery of the spill. A full written report including the steps taken to contain and clean up the spill shall be submitted to the Department within fifteen (15) days of discovery of the spill.

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(g) Monitoring for Regulated Substances in the potable water Arrangements shall be made with the designated well. public utility to establish a semi-annual schedule of raw water analysis unless sampling results indicate contamination, in which case the Department shall require an increased sampling schedule. The analysis shall be for all substances which are listed on the Operating The analytical reports shall be prepared by a State of Florida certified laboratory, certified for the applicable analyses. It shall be the responsibility of the designated public utility to provide for the sampling and analyses but the cost shall be borne by the permittee or those permittees on a pro-rata basis as to the same substances listed on the permits of those permittees in Zones of Influence of the subject well. Samples shall be taken by the State certified laboratory performing the analyses, or its authorized representative. Semi-annual reports prepared by a State of Florida certified laboratory of the analyses for Regulated Substances shall be submitted to the Department for the purpose of determining the presence of Regulated Substances in each well for which a Zone of Influence Map has been established.

(h) Monitoring for Regulated Substances in groundwater monitoring wells. Groundwater monitoring well(s) shall be provided at the expense of the permittee in a manner, number and location approved by the Department. Except for existing wells found by the Department to be adequate for this provision, the required well or wells shall be installed by a State of Florida licensed water well contractor. Samples shall be taken by the State certified laboratory performing the analyses, or its

authorized representative. Analytical reports prepared by a State of Florida certified laboratory of the quantity present in each monitoring well of the Regulated Substances listed in the activity's Operating Permit shall be filed at least semi-annually, or more frequently, as determined by the Department, based upon site conditions and operations.

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(i) Alterations and expansion. The Department shall be notified in writing prior to the expansion, alteration or modification of an activity holding an Operating Permit. Such expansion, alteration, or modification may result from increased square footage of production or storage increased quantities of capacity, or Regulated Substances, or changes in types of Regulated Substances beyond those square footage, quantities, and types upon which the permit was issued. Should a facility add new Regulated Substances which individually are below the non-aggregate limits in Section 3.01(z)(2), it shall notify the Department on the annual basis of the types and quantities of such substances added and the location of the use, handling, storage, and production of said such expansion, alteration substances. Any modification shall be in strict conformity with this Ordinance. Further, except as provided herein, any existing Operating Permit shall be amended to reflect the introduction of any new Regulated Substances resulting from the change. However, the introduction of any new Regulated Substance shall not prevent the revocation or revision of any existing Operating Permit if, in the opinion of the Department, such introduction substantially or materially modifies, alters or affects the conditions upon which the existing Operating Permit was granted or the ability to remain qualified as a General Exemption, if applicable, or to continue to satisfy any conditions that have been imposed as part of a Special Exemption, if applicable. The Department shall notify the permittee in writing within sixty (60) days of receipt of the permittee's notice that the Department proposes to revoke or revise the permit and stating the grounds therefore.

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- (j) Reconstruction after catastrophe. Reconstruction of any portion of a structure or building in which there is any activity subject to the provisions of this regulation which is damaged by fire, vandalism, flood, explosion, collapse, wind, war or other catastrophe shall be in strict conformity with this Ordinance.
- (k) Operating or Closure Permits. All existing nonresidential activities in Zone Two (2) which use, handle, store, or produce Regulated Substances shall file an application for an Operating Permit or Closure Permit within ninety (90) days of the receipt of written notice from the Department. Said permit application shall be prepared and signed by a Professional Engineer or Professional Geologist registered or licensed in the State of Florida except as provided in Sections 6.02 (b) or 12 of this Ordinance. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of said notice, the owner or operator shall file with the Department proof of retention of said engineer or If application is made for an Operating geologist. Permit, such a permit shall be issued or denied within sixty (60) days of the filing of the completed application. If the application for an Operating Permit is denied, then the activity shall cease within one hundred eighty (180) days of the denial of the Operating

Permit. All Regulated Substances and contaminated containers shall be disposed in a lawful and environmentally sound manner in accordance with applicable state and federal laws, and the activity and environs shall be cleaned up so as to preclude leaching of residual Regulated Substances into the environment.

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5.03 Zone Three (3): All nonresidential activities within Zone Three (3) which store, handle, produce or use any Regulated Substances are prohibited unless they qualify as a General Exemption, or receive an Operating Permit which complies with the following conditions:

- (a) Those conditions set forth in Subsections 5.02(a), (c),(d),(e) and (f).
- (b) Within thirty (30) days of acquiring knowledge of any spill of a Regulated Substance the Department shall consider revocation of the permit or revision of it to comply with some or all the other conditions set forth in Subsections 5.02(a) through (j), in addition to those required by Section 5.03(a) above. In consideration of whether to revoke or revise the permit, the Department may consider the intentional nature or the degree of negligence, if any, associated with the spill, the extent to which containment or cleanup is possible, the nature, number and frequency of previous spills by the permittee and the potential degree of harm to the groundwater and surrounding wells due to such spill.
- (c) Operating permits required by this section shall be applied for and processed in accordance with Section 5.02(k).
- 5.04 Zone Four (4): All nonresidential activities within

Zone Four (4) which store, handle, produce or use any Regulated Substances are prohibited unless they qualify as a General Exemption, or receive an Operating Permit which complies with the following conditions:

- (a) Those conditions set forth in Subsections 5.02(d) and (f).
- (b) Within thirty (30) days of acquiring knowledge of any spill of a Regulated Substance the Department shall consider revocation of the permit or revision of it to comply with some or all the other conditions set forth in Subsections 5.02(a) through (j), in addition to those required by Section 5.04(a) above. In consideration of whether to revoke or revise the permit, the Department may consider the intentional nature or the degree of negligence, if any, associated with the spill, the extent to which containment or cleanup is possible, the nature, number and frequency of previous spills by the permittee and the potential degree of harm to the groundwater and surrounding wells due to such spill.
- (c) Operating permits required by this section shall be applied for and processed in accordance with Section 5.02(k). However, a nonresidential activity in Zone Four (4) is not required to retain an engineer or geologist to prepare the operating permit, providing that Section 5.04(b) does not apply.

5.05 Other Requirements and Liabilities. A notice to cease, a permit or exemption issued under this Ordinance shall not relieve the owner or operator of the obligation to comply with any other applicable federal, state, regional or local regulation, rule, ordinance or requirement. Nor shall said notice, permit, or exemption relieve any owner or operator of any liability for

violation of such regulations, rules, ordinances or requirements.

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5.06 Requirements for Domestic Wastewater and Stormwater
Treatment.

- (a) All new or replacement installations of sanitary sewer mains in Zone One (1) or Zone Two (2) of a public drinking water wellfield shall be constructed to force main standards. Standards for installation are shown in Exhibit F and shall be enforced by the Palm Beach County Public Health Unit (PBCPHU) through the permit process. For new wells placed in areas of existing sanitary sewers, the sewers in Zones (one) 1 and (two) 2 must be pressure tested at each joint, grouted and sealed with proof of testing provided to the PBCPHU prior to release of the well for service.
- (b) No new exfiltration system shall be constructed in Zone One (1) or Zone Two (2) of a public drinking water wellfield.
- (c) New retention or detention ponds located within wellfield zones shall comply with the criteria described in the South Florida Water Management District (SFWMD) Management and Storage of Surface Waters Permit Information Manual Volume IV. These criteria are enforced through the SFWMD permitting process.
- (d) New percolation ponds for domestic wastewater treatment located within wellfield zones shall comply with the requirements for separation from public drinking water wells set forth in chapters 17-555 and 17-610, Florida Administrative Code and enforced by the Florida Department of Environmental Regulation (FDER) and PBCPHU.

(e) Land application of domestic wastewater effluents or sludges within wellfield zones shall comply with the requirements for separation from public drinking water wells forth in chapters 17-555, 17-610, and 17-640, Florida Administrative Code and enforced by the FDER and PBCPHU.

(f) New onsite sewage disposal systems (septic tanks) located within wellfield zones shall comply with the requirements for maximum sewage loading and separation from public drinking water wells set forth in Environmental Control Rule I and enforced by the PBCPHU.

discovery of a spill in zones One (1), Two (2), Three (3) or Four (4), a determination shall be made as to jurisdiction. The Department shall provide notification to the FDER and PBCPHU including all available information pertinent to the spill. FDER will be responsible for determination if the spill occurrence constitutes a Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) regulated material as defined in FAC Rule 17-730 and Title 40 CFR Part 261. If determination is made that the spill occurrence involves a RCRA regulated material, FDER will assume the role as lead regulatory agency in assessment and remediation. The Department will assume the role as lead regulatory agency if determination reveals a non-RCRA regulated substance.

Upon issuance of an order by the Department, corrective action shall immediately be initiated by the responsible person. Failure to initiate corrective action shall be a violation of this Ordinance. Corrective action shall include any or all of the following:

(a) Cessation of the discharge and initial control, containment and recovery of free-flowing, floating or standing pollutants;

- (b) Removal and disposal of contaminated soils, sediments, vegetation, containers, recovery materials, and any other contaminated materials, in accordance with applicable Federal, State and local regulations;
- (c) Assessment of the horizontal and vertical extent of soil, sediment, surface water and groundwater contamination, as well as rate and direction of migration of the contaminants; and
- (d) Remediation of contaminated soils, sediments, surface waters and groundwater to preclude further migration of unacceptable levels of residual Regulated Substances into or through the surface water or groundwater environment.

The Department shall determine necessary, reasonable measures and time frames for corrective actions. The corrective actions shall be completed to the satisfaction of the Department. Where State or Federal regulations establish procedures or cleanup levels for corrective actions for particular discharges, the corrective actions shall at a minimum comply with those procedures and/or cleanup levels. Completion of corrective actions as specified by the Department shall not relieve the responsible person or persons of liability under any other applicable Federal, State or local regulation, rule, ordinance or requirement; nor shall it relieve the responsible person or persons of liability for corrective actions for conditions which were previously unknown to the Department, or which resulted from implementation of corrective actions as required.

Section 6. PERMITS.

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- 6.01 Wellfield Protection Permits.
- (a) This section provides the requirements and procedures for the issuance by the Department of Operating and Closure Permits required by this Ordinance.
- (b) An application which satisfies the requirements of the applicable Zone of Influence and Section 6.02 and, if applicable, Section 10, shall be approved and a permit issued. In addition to the failure to satisfy these requirements, the Department may deny a permit based on repeated violations of this Ordinance.
- (c) An Operating Permit shall remain valid provided the permittee is in compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit.
- (d) Permittees shall not be required to pay annual renewal fees until October 1, 1990. Beginning October 1, 1990, all current and future permittees are subject to an annual renewal license fee as stated in Exhibit C. Notification to the Department under Section 5.02 (i) is due with the renewal fee.
- (e) The Department shall have the right to make inspections of facilities at reasonable times to determine compliance with this Ordinance.
- (f) All of the facilities owned and/or operated by one person when these structures and activities are located on contiguous parcels of property even where there are intervening public or private roads, may be covered under one permit.

#### 6.02 Permit applications.

- (a) Operating Permit. All applications, as a minimum, shall provide the following information:
  - (1) A list of all Regulated Substances and substances on the Generic Substance List which are to be stored, handled, used or produced in the nonresidential activity being permitted including their quantities.
  - (2) A detailed description of the nonresidential activities that involve the storage, handling, use or production of the Regulated Substances indicating the unit quantities in which the substances are contained or manipulated, including layout plans or drawings of the facility in which the activities will take place.
  - (3) A description of the containment, the emergency collection devices and containers and emergency plan that will be employed to comply with the restrictions required for Zones Two (2) and Three (3) as set forth above. For Zone Four (4) this particular documentation will only be required if a permit revision is required pursuant to Subsection 5.04(b).
  - (4) A description of the daily monitoring activities that have been or will be instituted to comply with the restrictions for Zones Two (2), Three (3) and Four (4) as set forth above in Section 5.02.
  - (5) A description of the maintenance that will be provided for the containment facility, monitoring system, and emergency equipment required to comply with the restrictions of Zone Two (2) and Zone Three (3) as set forth above. For Zone—Four (4) this particular documentation will only be required for a

revised Operating Permit as required by Subsection 5.04(b).

- (6) A description of the groundwater monitoring wells that have been or will be installed, other pertinent well construction information, and the arrangements which have been made or which will be made for certified analyses for specified Regulated Substances. For Zones Three (3) and Four (4) this particular documentation will only be required for a revised Operating Permit as required by Subsections 5.03(b) and 5.04(b).
- (7) Evidence of arrangements made with the appropriate designated public utility for sampling analysis of the raw water from the potable water well. For Zones Three (3) and Four (4) this particular documentation will only be required for a revised Operating Permit as required by Subsections 5.03(b) and 5.04(b).
- (8) An agreement to indemnify and hold Palm Beach County harmless from any and all claims, liabilities, causes of action, or damages arising out of the issuance of the permit. The County shall provide reasonable notice to the permittee of any such claims.
- (9) The application for the Operating Permit shall be filed with the Department within ninety (90) days of receipt of written notification from the Department.
- (b) <u>Closure Permit.</u> Closure permit applications shall provide the following information:
  - (1) A schedule of events to complete the closure of an activity that does or did store, handle, use, or

produce Regulated Substances. As a minimum, the following actions shall be addressed:

a) Disposition of all Regulated Substances and contaminated containers.

- b) Cleanup of the activity and environs to preclude leaching of unacceptable levels of residual Regulated Substances into the aquifer.
- Certification by a Professional Engineer or Professional Geologist registered or licensed in the State of Florida that disposal and cleanup have been completed in a technically acceptable manner. The requirement for certification by a Professional Engineer or Geologist may be waived if the applicant provides evidence to the Department that all of the following items are applicable:
  - The entire operation is maintained inside the building(s) of the facility.
  - 2) The standard method of removing operating waste is not by septic tank, sewer mains, or floor drains.
  - 3) There is no evidence of spills permeating floors or environs.
  - 4) There are no outstanding or past notices of violation from any regulatory agency concerned with hazardous, industrial or special waste.
  - 5) There is no evidence of past contamination in the public drinking water well(s) associated with the facility in zone 1.
  - 6) The applicant shall provide a sworn statement that disposal and cleanup

special waste.

- 5) There is no evidence of past contamination in the public drinking water well(s) associated with the facility in zone 1.
- 6) The applicant shall provide a sworn statement that disposal and cleanup have been completed in a technically acceptable manner.
  - d) An appointment for an inspection by the Department.
  - e) An agreement to indemnify and hold Palm Beach County harmless from any and all claims, liabilities, causes of action, or damages arising out of the issuance of the permit. The County shall provide reasonable notice to the permittee of any such claims.
- (2) The issue of well reconfiguration shall be evaluated by the Department and the affected public utility as an alternative to a closure permit during the permit application process. Should a utility notify the Department in writing that it intends to reconfigure a wellfield and said configuration no longer subjects a facility to Zone One (1) or Zone Two (2) requirements, the Department may issue an Operating Permit providing conditions under which said facility may continue to operate.
- (3) The Department of Environmental Regulation and the Palm Beach County Public Health Unit shall be advised in writing of each Closure Permit application.
- (c) <u>Permit conditions</u>. The permit conditions shall ensure compliance with all the prohibitions, restrictions, and

requirements as set forth in this Ordinance. Such conditions may include, but not be limited to, monitoring wells, periodic groundwater analysis reports, and compliance schedules. Said conditions may also include requirements in a closure permit to reduce the risk in the interim of contamination of the groundwaters, taking into account cost, likely effectiveness and degree of risk to the groundwater.

# (d) Bond required.

- (1) Except as provided in Section 6.02(d)(5), no permit herein required shall be issued unless there is filed at the time of application, except in the case of an application by a political subdivision or agency of the State, a cash bond, permit bond with a corporate surety, or letter of credit in the amount required by Exhibit B, attached hereto and incorporated herein, to insure that the permittee will operate its nonresidential activities and/or closure of such nonresidential activities, as applicable, in accordance with the conditions and requirements of this Ordinance and permits issued hereunder.
- (2) The permittee shall reimburse Palm Beach County in accordance with Subsection 6.02(a)(8), (b)(1)e) and (e) of this Ordinance for any and all expenses and costs which Palm Beach County incurs as a result of the permittee failing to comply with the conditions and requirements of this Ordinance.
  - (3) Before a bond or letter of credit is accepted by the Department as being in compliance with this section, the bond or letter of credit shall be reviewed and

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approved by the Palm Beach County Attorney's Office.

A corporate bond shall be executed by a corporation authorized to do business in the State of Florida as a Surety. A cash bond shall be deposited with the Department, who shall give receipt therefore.

- (4) The bond or letter of credit required by this Section shall be kept in full force and effect for the term of the permit and for one-year after voluntary cessation of activities permitted hereunder, expiration, or revocation of the permit.
- (5) No bond or letter of credit is required for issuance of a permit for the following:
  - (a) Pesticide applicators, as described in Section 12.06, unless the pest control facility is located in Wellfield Zone One (1), Two (2), or Three (3).
  - (b) Closure of a facility, provided that the conditions listed in Section 6.02(b)(1)c) for waiver of certification by an engineer or geologist are applicable.
  - (c) A facility in Zone Four (4), unless the Department has determined that revision of the permit is appropriate under the conditions described in Section 5.04(b).
  - (d) Retail/wholesale activities which meet the conditions for this exemption set forth in Section 12.07 of this Ordinance.
  - (e) Activities subject to regulation due to the accumulation of waste Regulated Substances, provided that they comply with the conditions for this exemption set forth in Section 12.10 of this Ordinance.

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(e) Clean-Up and Reimbursement. Any person subject to regulation under this Ordinance shall be liable with respect to Regulated Substances emanating on or from the person's property for all costs of removal or remedial action incurred by Palm Beach County and damages for injury to, destruction of, or loss of natural resources, including the reasonable cost of assessing such injury, destruction or loss resulting from the release or threatened release of a Regulated Substances as defined in this Ordinance. Such removal or remedial action by Palm Beach County may include, but is not limited to, the prevention of further contamination of groundwater, monitoring, containment, and clean-up or disposal of Regulated Substances resulting from spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting or dumping of any Regulated Substance or material which creates an emergency hazardous situation or is expected to create an emergency hazardous situation.

6.03 Fee Schedule.

- (a) Operating Permit fee. The fee for an Operating Permit including any permit obtained pursuant to the general exemptions set forth in Section 12 of this Ordinance, shall be as shown in Exhibit C, attached hereto and incorporated herein. The Operating Permit fee shall be used to defray the cost of administering this Ordinance.
- (b) Closure Permit fee. The fee for a Closure Permit under this regulation shall be one-half of the fee for the

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- (b) Closure Permit fee. The fee for a Closure Permit under this regulation shall be one-half of the fee for the Operating Permit.
- (c) Permit transfer fee. The fee for transfer of an Operating Permit or Closure Permit shall be as described in Exhibit C, attached hereto and incorporated herein to defray the cost of processing the transfer. Application for Transfer of Permit is to be made within sixty (60) days of transfer of ownership of the activity.
- (d) <u>Late Fee</u>. A late fee as described in Exhibit C, attached here to and incorporated herein, shall be paid to the Department if application for a permit or renewal is late.

# 6.04 <u>Revocation or Revision of Permit or General or Special</u> Exemption.

- (a) Any permit issued under the provisions of this Ordinance shall not become vested in the permittee. The Department may revoke any permit issued by it by first issuing a written notice of intent to revoke (certified mail return receipt requested, or hand delivery) if it finds that the permit holder:
  - (1) Has failed or refused to comply with any of the provisions of this Ordinance, including but not limited to permit conditions and bond requirements of Section 6.02(d) herein; or
  - (2) Has submitted false or inaccurate information in this application; or
  - (3) Has failed to submit operational reports or other information required by this Ordinance; or
  - (4) Has refused lawful inspection under Section 6.01(e); or

- (5) Is subject to revocation under Section 5.02(i), 5.03(b) or 5.04(b).
- (b) The Department may revise any permit pursuant to Section 5.02(i), 5.03(b) or 5.04(b) by first issuing a written notice of intent to revise (certified mail return receipt requested, or hand delivery.)

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- addition to the provisions of Section (c) In 6.04, Subsections (a) and (b), within thirty (30) days of acquiring knowledge of any spill of a Regulated Substance in Zones One (1), Two (2), Three (3) or Four (4) the Department shall consider revocation or revision of the permit. Upon such consideration the Department may issue a notice of intent to revoke or revise which shall be subject to the provisions of Section 8, or elect not to issue such notice. In consideration of whether to revoke or revise the permit, the Department may consider the intentional nature or degree of negligence, if any, associated with this spill, and the extent to which containment or cleanup is possible, the nature, number and frequency of previous spills by the permittee and the potential degree of harm to the groundwater and surrounding wells due to such spill.
- (d) For any revocation or revision by the Department of a Special Exemption or General Exemption that requires an Operating Permit as provided under the terms of this Ordinance, the Department shall issue a notice of intent to revoke or revise which shall contain the intent to revoke or revise both the applicable exemption and the accompanying Operating Permit.
- (e) The written notice of intent to revoke or revise shall contain the following information:
  - (1) The name and address of the permittee, if any, and

property owner, if different.

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- (2) A description of the facility which is the subject of the proposed revocation or revision.
- (3) Location of the spill, if any.
- (4) Concise explanation and specific reasons for the proposed revocation or revision.
- (5) A statement that "Failure to file a petition with the Clerk of the Board within twenty (20) days after the date upon which permittee receives written notice of the intent to revoke or revise shall render the proposed revocation or revision final and in full force and effect".
- (f) Failure of permittee to file a petition under Section 8.01 shall render the proposed revocation or revision final and in full force and effect.
- (g) Nothing in this section shall preclude or be deemed a condition precedent to the Department seeking a temporary or permanent injunction.

### Section 7. PROTECTION OF FUTURE WELLFIELDS.

7.01 <u>Public Hearing.</u> The prohibitions and restrictions set forth in this Ordinance and in regulations promulgated pursuant hereto shall apply to any sites officially designated by the Board of County Commissioners as future wellfields. Such prohibitions and restrictions shall become effective upon approval by the Board of County Commissioners of the Zones of Influence maps for the designated future wellfield. Prior to final action by the Board of County Commissioners in designating a future wellfield or approving the Zones of Influence maps for those wellfields, all property owners and discernable operating activities within the area affected shall receive written notice at least thirty (30) days prior to the proposed public hearing at which the action shall be

considered.

well. A reference set of raw water analyses shall be completed for each well. A reference set of raw water analyses shall be completed for each well for which a Zone of Influence map has been established. Said analyses shall be completed within one hundred eighty-five (185) days after the effective date of this Ordinance, for existing wells. A copy of the analytical report shall be forwarded to the Department and PBCPHU within (14) days of completion. For any new well, this set of analyses shall be completed prior to the release of the well into service by the PBCPHU and Department. Said analyses shall address inorganic priority pollutants as listed in Exhibit E and organic pollutants as listed in Chapter 17-550, F.A.C. and as shown in Exhibit E. The cost shall be borne by the utility. The analytical reports shall be prepared by the State of Florida certified laboratory, certified for the applicable

Section 8. <u>DETERMINATION OF LOCATION WITHIN ZONES</u>.

performing the analyses, or its authorized representative.

In determining the location of properties and facilities within the zones depicted on the Zones of Influence maps, the following rules shall apply:

analyses. Samples shall be taken by the State certified laboratory

- (a) Properties located wholly within one (1) Zone reflected on the applicable Zones of Influence maps shall be governed by the restrictions applicable to that Zone.
- (b) To the extent Section 10.01 (c) does not apply, properties having parts lying within more than one (1) Zone as reflected on the applicable Zones of Influence maps shall be governed by the restrictions applicable to the zone in which the part of the property is located.
- (c) Where a travel time contour which delineates the boundary

between two (2) Zones of Influence passes through a facility, the entire facility shall be considered to be in the more restrictive zone.

(d) Where the facility, or portion thereof, is overlapped by Zones of Influence of different wells or wellfields, the stricter zones shall apply.

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# Section 9. <u>APPLICATIONS TO NEW ACTIVITIES AND RESTRICTIONS</u> ON ISSUANCE OF BUILDING PERMITS AND OCCUPATIONAL LICENSES.

- (a) No building permit or occupational license for any nonresidential activity shall be issued by the County or any city located within Palm Beach County that would allow development or construction in Zones One (1), Two (2), Three (3), or Four (4), that is contrary to the restrictions and provisions provided in this Ordinance. Permits or occupational licenses issued in violation of this Section confirm no right or privilege on the grantee and such invalid permit or licenses will not vest rights.
- (b) The requirements and provisions of this Ordinance shall apply immediately upon the effective date of this Ordinance to all new nonresidential activities. An existing activity is one for which a building permit or occupational license had been issued by the appropriate jurisdiction prior to the effective date of this Ordinance and which had not expired on or before the effective date of this Ordinance, or for which a completed building permit or occupational license application had been filed and accepted with the appropriate jurisdiction prior to the effective date of this Ordinance. All other activities shall be deemed "new".
- (c) Any application for a building permit for

nonresidential development or residential development greater than twenty-five (25) units or for a nonresidential development subject to review by an advisory planning body and approval by the local governing authority or zoning board of appeals that includes property wholly or partially within Zone One (1), Two (2), Three (3), or Four (4), of a wellfield shall include requirements of the Department. These requirements shall be as follows:

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- (1) Notification by the local governing authority of the location of the property in Zone One (1), Two (2), Three (3), or Four (4) and notarized letter from applicant admitting acceptance of notification. Notification shall be prepared by the Department providing details of Zones, prohibitions, and measures required for compliance; or
- (2) Submittal of application to the Department for notification.
- (d) Any application submitted for an occupational license for any use within Zone One (1), Two (2), Three (3), or Four (4) of an incorporated or unincorporated area shall require certification by the Department that the use meets the applicable requirements of this Ordinance.
- (e) It shall be the duty of each local agency to screen all applications for Zone One (1), Two (2), Three (3), or Four (4) occupational licenses.
- (f) The Department shall provide a list to all local agencies of potentially prohibited operations in Zone One (1).
- (g) Copies of Building Permits of residential activities larger than twenty-five (25) units, all nonresidential projects, and all occupational licenses issued for Zone One (1), Two (2), Three (3), or Four (4) shall be

submitted to the Department on a weekly basis, or upon issuance by the appropriate issuing authority.

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Section 10. GENERAL EXEMPTIONS.

### 10.01 Activities Claiming a General Exemption.

- General Exemption application and Operating Permit pursuant to the provisions of Section 5.02 shall be required for any nonresidential activity claiming a General Exemption under Sections 10.02, 10.03 or 10.07 and shall be filed with the Department. nonresidential facilities shall be permitted into Zone One (1) after the effective date of this Ordinance if the new non-residential facility stores, handles, produces or uses any Regulated Substance.
- (b) Such application shall contain a concise statement by the applicant detailing the circumstances upon which the applicant believes would entitle him or her to an exemption pursuant to Section 12.01(a) above.
- (c) A fee as shown in Exhibit C, attached hereto and incorporated herein, shall be filed with the application in addition to the appropriate permit fees to defray the costs of processing such application.
- (d) Within thirty (30) working days of receipt of an application for General Exemption, the Department shall inform the applicant whether such application contains sufficient information for a proper determination to be If the application is found to be insufficient, then the Department shall provide to the applicant a written statement by certified mail or hand delivery requesting the additional information required. applicant shall inform the Department within ten (10) working days of the date of the written statement of his

or her intent to either furnish the information or have the application processed as it stands. The Department shall have ninety (90) working days from either the rendering of a sufficiency determination or receipt of additional information making an application sufficient to make a decision.

Services and County Emergency Management Center Facilities.

Existing fire, police, emergency medical services and County emergency management center facilities are exempt from Zone 1 prohibitions as set forth in Section 5.01. However, an Operating Permit shall be obtained pursuant to Section 5.01.

utilities as of the effective date of this Ordinance shall be exempt, except for the maintenance and refueling of vehicles, from Zone One (1) Closure prohibitions as set forth in Section 5.01. However, an Operating Permit shall be obtained pursuant to Section 5.01.

of any Regulated Substance through Zones One (1), Two (2), Three (3) or Four (4) shall be exempt from the provisions of this Ordinance provided the transporting motor vehicle is in continuous transit. The transport of such substances through existing permanent pipelines is also exempt provided that the currently authorized use or uses are not changed and provided that leak detection and monitoring as approved by the Department are employed. No General Exemption or Operating Permit application is required except that an Operating Permit is required to establish the leak detection and monitoring requirements for said existing

pipelines. Any new pipeline constructed through Zones One (1), Two (2) or Three (3) and carrying regulated substances shall be provided with secondary containment, leak detection and monitoring as required by the Department.

Lubricant Use. The use in a vehicle or lawn maintenance equipment of any Regulated Substance solely as fuel in that vehicle or equipment fuel tank or as lubricant in that vehicle or equipment shall be exempt from the provisions of this Ordinance. No General Exemption or Operating Permit application are required.

10.06 Exemption for Application of Pesticides, Herbicides, Fungicides, and Rodenticides. The application of those Regulated Substances used as pesticides, herbicides, fungicides, and rodenticides in recreation, agriculture, pest control and aquatic weed control activities shall be exempt from the provisions of this Ordinance provided that:

(a) In all Zones, the application is in strict conformity with the use requirement as set forth in the substances EPA registries and as indicated on the containers in which the substances are sold; and

(b) In all Zones, the application is in strict conformity with the requirements as set forth in Chapter 482 and 487, Florida Statutes, and Chapters 5E-2 and 5E-9, Florida Administrative Code.

(c) In all Zones, the application of any of the pesticides, herbicides, fungicides, and rodenticides shall be noted in the records of the certified operator. Records shall be kept of the date and amount of these substances applied at each location and said records shall be available for inspection at reasonable times by the

Department.

- (d) In Zones One (1), Two (2), Three (3), or Four (4), the pesticides, herbicides, fungicides, and rodenticides shall not be handled during application in a quantity exceeding seven hundred (700) gallons of formulation.
- (e) All nonresidential applicators of pesticides, herbicides, fungicides, and rodenticides who apply those substances in Zones One (1), Two (2), Three (3), or Four (4) shall obtain an Operating Permit covering all application operations using these materials under one permit and shall comply with all the requirements of Section 5.02(c-f).

This exemption applies only to the application of pesticides, herbicides, fungicides, and rodenticides.

Existing retail/wholesale sales establishments in Zone One (1) that store and handle Regulated Substances for resale in their original unopened containers shall be exempt from the prohibition in Zone One (1) provided that those establishments obtain an Operating Permit pursuant to the provisions of Section 5.02. Items in Section 5.02 (g) and (h), certification by a Professional Engineer or Professional Geologist registered or licensed in the State of Florida, and a bond or letter of credit as set forth in section 6.02(d) are not required for facilities in Zones One (1), Two (2) or Three (3), provided no individual container of Regulated Substances exceeds five (5) gallons, if liquid, or twenty-five (25) pounds, if solid.

10.08 Exemptions for Office Uses. Offices uses, except for the use of Regulated Substances for the maintenance and cleaning of office buildings, shall be exempt from the provisions of this

Ordinance. No General Exemption or Operating Permit applications are required.

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10.09 Exemption for Construction Activities. The activities repairing or maintaining of constructing, any facility or improvement on lands within Zones One (1), Two (2), Three (3), or Four (4) shall be exempt from the provisions of this Ordinance provided that all contractors, subcontractors, materialmen and their employees when using, handling, storing or producing Regulated Substances in Zones One (1), Two (2), Three (3), or Four (4) use those applicable Best Management Practices set forth in Exhibit D, attached hereto and incorporated herein. General Exemption or Operating Permit applications are required.

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10.10 Exemption for Activities Subject to Regulation Due to Accumulation of Waste Regulated Substances. Activities in Zone Two (2) or Zone Three (3) which are subject to permitting requirements of this Ordinance due to their accumulation of waste Regulated Substances shall obtain an Operating Permit pursuant to the provisions in Section 5.02 or 5.03 of this Ordinance. Items in Section 5.02(g) and (h), and a bond or letter of credit as set forth in Section 6.02(d) are not required, provided that all waste liquid Regulated Substances are secondarily contained according to the conditions described in section 5.02 (a) of this ordinance, and are removed from the site on a regular schedule by a contracted hauler licensed by EPA or the State of Florida to handle the waste Regulated Substances. The accumulated waste Regulated Substances shall at no time exceed fifty-five (55) gallons if liquid or two hundred and twenty pounds (220) pounds if solid, and the accumulation time shall not exceed ninety (90) days. Records of removal and disposal of all waste Regulated Substances through the licensed hauler shall be maintained and made available for Department inspection at reasonable times. In addition, all other Regulated Substances shall not exceed the threshold quantities listed in Section 3.01(z). Failure to comply with any of these requirements shall subject the facility to the full permitting provisions for the applicable zone.

### Section 11. SPECIAL EXEMPTIONS.

11.01 An affected person in Zone One (1)or Zone Two (2) may petition the Environmental Ordinance Appeals Board for a Special Exemption from the prohibitions and monitoring requirements set out in Sections 5.01 and 5.02 in accordance with Section 17 of this ordinance,

11.02 In order to obtain such an exemption such person must demonstrate by a preponderance of competent, substantial evidence that: Special or unusual circumstances and adequate technology exists to isolate the facility or activity from the potable water supply. In granting the Special Exemption, the Environmental Ordinance Appeals Board may prescribe any additional appropriate conditions and safeguards which are necessary to protect the wellfield.

11.03 Activities claiming Special Exemption with adequate technology to isolate the facility or activity from the potable water supply and protect the wellfield.

(a) A Special Exemption application claiming special or unusual circumstances and adequate protection technology shall be filed with the Department, who shall then promptly notify the County Attorney's office that such an application has been filed. The application shall be signed by the applicant and Professional Engineer or Professional Geologist registered or licensed in the State of Florida.

(b) Such application s

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- (b) Such application shall contain a concise statement by the applicant detailing the circumstances which the applicant feels would entitle him or her to an exemption pursuant to Section 13.01(a) above.
- (c) A fee as shown in Exhibit C, attached hereto and incorporated herein, shall be filed with the application, in addition to the appropriate permit fees, to defray the costs of processing such application.
- (d) The application for Special Exemption shall contain but not be limited to the following elements:
  - (1) A description of the situation at the site requiring isolation from the wellfield, including:
    - a) A list of the Regulated Substances in use at the site;
    - b) A site plan of the facility including all storage, piping, dispensing, shipping, etc., facilities;
    - c) What operations at the facility involve Regulated Substances which must be isolated from the wellfields;
    - d) The location of all operations involving Regulated Substances.
    - e) A sampling and analysis of the groundwater on the site of the activity seeking a Special Exemption shall be performed to determine if any Regulated Substances are already present which constitute a threat to the water supply.
    - f) An analysis of the affected well showing whether or not such well is already contaminated by any Regulated Substances and the extent of such contamination.

- g) A hydrogeologic assessment of the site which shall address, as a minimum, soil characteristics and ground water levels, directional flow, and quality.
- (2) A technical proposal to achieve the required isolation including:
  - a) Components to be used and their individual functions;
  - b) System tying the components together;
  - discussion and C) documentation, such published technical articles, substantiating the performance and reliability of the components individually and the system as a whole. If the system has not been field tested, a discussion laboratory test documentation and to substantiate the proposed performance and reliability of the system;
  - d) Details of the specific plans to install the system at the site.
- (3) Testing procedures. If the proposed system does not have a proven history of successful in-field operation, it may still be proposed using proven components. A test plan for the system as installed shall be provided to prove that the proposed system works in the field.
- (4) A technical proposal for backup detection of Regulated Substances that may elude the isolation system and escape to outside a perimeter to be established by Department. Such proposal shall include emergency measures to be initiated in case of escape of Regulated Substances.
- (5) Criteria for success. Site-specific, system

performance criteria shall be proposed to ascertain the success of the system. Such criteria shall include but shall not be limited to:

a) Performance;

- b) Reliability;
- c) Level of maintenance;
- d) Level of Sensitivity to Regulated Substances;
- e) Effect of rain, flood, power failure or other natural disaster.
- (6) Precautions in event of failure. Applicant shall provide information on the on-site availability of substance removal technologies sufficient to remediate any introduction of Regulated Substances into the water table at the site. Where water is removed from on-site wells during the remedial process a plan shall be proposed for the disposal of such water.
- (7) A closure plan shall be provided in the event the system does not prove successful in the testing required by Section 13.02(d)(3) above.
- (8) Any other reasonable information deemed necessary by Department due to site-specific circumstances.
- (e) Within thirty (30) working days of receipt of an application for Special Exemption, the Department shall inform the applicant whether such application contains sufficient information for a proper determination to be made. If the application is found to be insufficient, then the Department shall provide to the applicant a written statement by certified mail or hand delivery requesting the additional information required. The applicant shall inform the Department within ten (10) working days of the date of the written statement of his

or her intent to either furnish the information or have the application denied. When the application contains sufficient information for a proper determination to be made, the Department shall notify the County Attorney's office that all documentation necessary to evaluate the special exemption has been received, and shall promptly transmit all such documentation to the County Attorney's office.

### 11.04 Granting of Special Exemptions.

(a) Any Special Exemption granted by the Environmental Ordinance Appeals Board shall be subject to the applicable conditions of Sections 5.01 and 5.02 of the Ordinance and any other reasonable and necessary special conditions imposed by the Environmental Ordinance Appeals Board.

An Operating Permit shall be issued by the Department with the applicable conditions of Sections 5.01 and 5.02 and any other reasonable and necessary special conditions imposed by the Groundwater and Natural Resources Protection Board. Such Special Exemptions shall be subject to revocation or revision by the Department for violation of any condition of said Special Exemption by first issuing a written notice of intent to revoke or revise (certified mail return receipt requested or hand delivery). Upon revocation or revision, the activity will immediately be subject to the enforcement provisions of the Ordinance.

(b) Special Exemptions for Zone One (1) are for existing nonresidential activities only. No new nonresidential activity shall be permitted into Zone 1 after the effective date of this Ordinance if the new nonresidential activity stores, handles, produces or uses any Regulated Substance.

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### Section 12. <u>PETITION FOR COMPENSATION</u>.

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- EDITION 101 CONTINUED.
- (a) Parties affected by the requirements of this Ordinance may petition the Board of County Commissioners for a determination as to the effect of said Ordinance on those activities and the issue of compensation.
- (b) Such petition shall be filed with the Department.
- (c) Such petition shall contain, as applicable, the following:
  - (1) A copy of the closure permit required by Section 5.01 of this Ordinance or the required operations permit showing the change in operation.
  - (2) An analysis of the need to cease, move, or change operations including a summary of alternatives investigated and estimated costs of those alternatives.
  - (3) A list of all previously-issued notices of violation by the Department, Department of Environmental Regulation or the Environmental Protection Agency regarding use of Regulated Substances including a description of any corrective action taken or pending.
  - (4) Detailed specification of the amount for which compensation is being requested.
  - (5) The Department shall review all petitions for compensation and make recommendations to the Board of County Commissioners regarding the reasonableness of any amounts requested by the petitioner, whether the requested compensation consists of amounts greater than the cost of any reasonable

facility/operation modifications and whether the facility may potentially qualify for an exemption under Section 13.02. Based upon such recommendations, the Board of County Commissioners may deny such petition.

- (d) As soon as practicable after submission of a petition for compensation, but no later than ninety (90) days, by an owner or operator of an activity, the Board of County Commissioners shall hold a hearing to determine the eligibility of the activity for compensation pursuant to this Section. Petitioner shall be given written notice by certified mail or hand delivery of such hearing at least thirty (30) days prior to the hearing. Formal Rules of Evidence shall not apply to such hearing, but fundamental due process shall be observed and shall govern the proceedings. Petitioner and the County shall have the right to:
  - (1) Call and examine witnesses;
  - (2) Introduce exhibits;

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- (3) Cross-examine witnesses on any relevant matter;
- (4) Rebut the evidence; and
- (5) Be represented by Counsel.
- (e) Criteria for determination of eligibility for cessation or moving of operations. In determining whether petitioner is eligible for compensation, the Board of County Commissioners shall consider:
  - (1) Whether a reasonable, cost effective alternative to cessation or moving of operations exists for complying with this Ordinance, including reconfiguring of the wellfield. Applicant, with the cooperation of the Department and the affected public utility, shall address the issue of

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### reconfiguration;

- (2) Whether the requirements of this Ordinance were the sole reason for cessation of the operation;
- (3) Past environmental record;
- (4) Efforts to mitigate financial impact of this Ordinance and these corresponding regulations.
- (f) Criteria for determination of eligibility for compensation for change in operations. In deciding whether petitioner is eligible for compensation for a change in operations, the Board of County Commissioners shall consider:
  - (1) Whether the proposed change is a reasonable, cost effective method for complying with this Ordinance and
  - (2) Whether the requirements of this Ordinance were the sole reason for the change in the operation.
- (g) Classes of impact for which compensation may be granted.
  - (1) Actual Reasonable Relocation Expenses
    - may be paid the actual reasonable cost of a relocation within Palm Beach County. Such amount to include the cost of:
      - 1) dismantling operation;
      - actual moving;
      - reassembling equipment;
      - 4) installation of equipment;
      - 5) internal connection of utilities to equipment;
      - operation, specifically excluding structural changes to the building or paving and drainage requirements at the site;

- 7) the additional costs which would have to be incurred to move the activity due to changed circumstances or applicable laws, ordinances, or regulations;
- 8) any losses caused by the necessity of terminating a lease, such compensation not to exceed three (3) months' rent. Landlord and tenant are required to make a bona fide effort to mitigate this loss. This compensation shall be paid to either the landlord or the tenant, to be decided by agreement between the landlord and tenant.
- b) The costs in a)1-7) above shall be supported by two (2) itemized and sealed bids and a detailed listing of the items. The amount to be paid shall not exceed the lower of the two (2) bids. In order to verify such information, the Department shall have the right to enter the activity's premises at reasonable times. Such bids and detailed listing of the cost shall be verified by the Department.
- c) Self-Moves. In the case of a self-move the owner of a relocated activity may be paid the lower of two (2) sealed and itemized bids from licensed moving companies based on a detailed listing of the cost.
- (2) Actual Reasonable Modification of Operation Expenses.

  The owner or operator of an affected activity may be paid the actual reasonable expense to modify the operation of the activity in order to comply with this Ordinance. Such amount to include cost of:
  - a) modification of machinery;

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- b) dismantling and moving unusable machinery;
- c) unsalvageable inventory per Section 14(g)(3) below;
- d) moving equipment out of a Zone One (1) on the activity's property per Section 14(g)(1) above.
- (3) Actual Direct Losses of Tangible Personal Property.

  Actual direct losses of tangible personal property are allowed when a person closes or relocates an activity. Payment may only be made after a diligent effort is made by the owner to sell the item(s) involved.
  - a) If the activity is to be re-established and an item of property to be used therewith is not moved but promptly replaced with a comparable item at the new site, reimbursement shall be either:
    - 1) Replacement cost, taking into account depreciation, less the proceeds of the sale.

      Present value based on accepted standards in the related business community may be substituted for net proceeds of a sale where applicable, or
    - 2) Estimated cost of moving the item to the replacement site within the geographic boundaries of Palm Beach County.
  - b) If a process at the activity is being discontinued or an existing item is not to be replaced in a re-established business, payment will be either:
    - 1) The difference between fair market value as evidenced by two (2) written appraisals of the item for continued use at its prior

location less its net proceeds at the sale, or

- 2) The estimated cost of moving the item to the replacement site within the geographic boundaries of Palm Beach County.
- c) If a sale is not effected because no offer is received and the item is abandoned, payment for the loss may be its fair market value for continued use at its existing location plus the costs of the attempted sale, less the equipment's salvage value.
- (4) In Lieu of Actual Moving Expenses. In lieu of the payments described in Section 14(g)(1-3) an owner of a discontinued activity may be eligible to receive a payment equal to seventy-five percent (75%) of the estimated reasonable cost of moving the activity within Palm Beach County, except that such payment shall not be more than the lower of two (2) sealed and itemized bids, provided the following requirements are met:
  - to this payment, the County or its designee must determine that the business cannot be relocated without a substantial loss of its existing patronage. Such determination shall be made by the County or its designee only after consideration of all pertinent circumstances, including but not limited to the following factors:
    - The type of business conducted by the displaced activity.
    - 2) The nature of the clientele of the displaced activity.
    - 3) The relative importance of the present location

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to the displaced activity.

- 4) The additional costs which would have to be incurred to move the activity due to changed circumstances or applicable laws, ordinances, or regulations.
- b) Owner or Operator Must Provide Information. For the owner or operator of an affected activity to be entitled to his or her payment, information must be provided to support the estimated moving costs. Such proof shall consist of two (2) sealed bids from licensed moving companies based on a detailed inventory of the items which would be moved.
- (5) Exclusions on Moving Expenses and Losses. The following expenses are considered ineligible for payment as "actual" moving expenses:
  - a) Additional expenses incurred because of moving to and living in a new location including search cost for finding a new dwelling.
  - b) Cost of moving structures, improvements or other real property in which the displaced activity reserved ownership.
  - c) Significant changes in building structure but not including minor electrical, plumbing or carpentry work.
  - d) Cost of improvement to activity made after such activity was on notice that it is affected by this Ordinance and would have to cease or alter an operation in Zone One.
  - e) Interest on loans to cover moving expenses.
  - f) Loss of goodwill.
  - g) Loss of business or profits or both,
  - h) Loss of trained employees,

- i) Cost of preparing the petition for compensation.
- (6) Palm Beach County shall disperse eighty-five percent (85%) of the compensation to be paid as determined by the Board of County Commissioners in advance of any move or change of operation. Palm Beach County shall retain fifteen percent (15%) of the monies authorized as compensation for economic impact of this Ordinance until such time as the affected activity has carried out the procedures outlined in its petition for compensation and provides evidence of such expenditures.
- (7) Upon receipt of payment of compensation as provided in this Ordinance, the recipient shall execute a release in favor of Palm Beach County from any further obligation to the recipient with regard to the economic impact of this Ordinance on the recipient or activity.

Section 13. TRANSFER.

In the event, there is a change of ownership, a new lease, or an assignment of a lease, a sublease or any other change in regard to the person conducting the operation regulated, the Department shall be notified and upon payment of the appropriate fee and completion of processing of an application by the Department, the Wellfield Protection Operating Permit shall be transferred.

Section 14. TRADE SECRETS.

The Department shall not disclose any trade secrets of the applicant or permittee that are exempted from such disclosure by Federal or State law; provided, however, the burden shall be on the applicant or permittee to demonstrate entitlement to such nondisclosure. Decisions by the Department as to such entitlement shall be subject to challenge by the applicant or permittee by filing a petition with the Environmental Ordinance Appeals Board

Section 15. VIOLATIONS, ENFORCEMENT, PENALTIES.

Failure to comply with the requirements of this Ordinance or any permit, exemption, or approval granted or authorized hereunder shall constitute a violation of this Ordinance. Violations of the provisions of this Ordinance shall upon conviction, be punished by a fine not to exceed two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) per day for a first violation, and five hundred dollars (\$500.00) per day for a repeat violation. In addition to the sanctions contained herein, the County may take any other appropriate legal action, including but not limited to, administrative action and requests for temporary and permanent injunctions, to enforce the provisions of this Ordinance. It is the purpose of this Ordinance to provide additional cumulative remedies.

Section 16. GROUNDWATER AND NATURAL RESOURCES PROTECTION BOARD.

The Groundwater and Natural Resources Protection Board shall hear alleged violations of this Ordinance if there has been a failure to correct a violation or if the same violation has been repeated.

Section 17. ENVIRONMENTAL ORDINANCE APPEALS BOARD.

- 17.01 <u>Matters for review and time for filing.</u>

  Any person may appeal to the Environmental Ordinance Appeals Board for the following reasons:
  - (a) To appeal the Department's permit conditions, denial of a permit, General Exemption or non-disclosure of a trade secret.
  - (b) To appeal an intent to revoke or revise an Operating permit and a General Exemption, or;
  - (c) To request a Special Exemption.
- 17.02 <u>Time for filing</u>. Written petitions for review shall be filed with the County Attorney's Office within twenty (20) days

of the date upon which the petitioner receives notice of the department's actions with respect to section 17.01(a), or intended action with respect to 17.01(b). Failure to file within such time shall constitute a waiver of the person's right of review by the Environmental Ordinance Appeals Board. The filing of a petition authorized by this section shall stay all proceedings withn respect to all matters which are contained in the petition until there is a final decision of the Environmental Ordinance Appeals Board.

Appeals Board, shall be final administrative action on behalf of the Department and the County. Any person who is a party to the proceeding before the Environmental Ordinance Appeals Board may appeal such final action by filing a petition for writ of certiorari in the Fifteenth Judicial Circuit, in and for Palm Beach County, Florida.

Section 18. PALM BEACH COUNTY POLLUTION RECOVERY TRUST FUND Funds collected pursuant to administrative penalties levied by the Groundwater and Natural Resources Protection Board for violations of this Ordinance shall be deposited in the Palm Beach County Pollution Recovery Trust Fund.

Section 19. REPEAL OF LAWS IN CONFLICT.

All local laws and ordinances applying to the unincorporated and incorporated areas of Palm Beach County in conflict with any provisions of this Ordinance are hereby repealed to the extent of any conflict. In addition, this Ordinance repeals and supersedes Palm Beach County Ordinance numbers 88-7, 88-12 and 88-39. All actions taken pursuant to the provisions of these Ordinances shall continue to be effective under the authority of this Ordinance.

Section 20. SEVERABILITY.

If any section, paragraph, sentence, clause, phrase, or word of Ordinance is for any reason held by the Court to be unconstitutional inoperative or void, such holding shall not affect the remainder of this Ordinance.

21. INCLUSION IN THE CODE OF LAWS AND ORDINANCES. The provisions of this Ordinance shall become and be made a part of the code of laws and ordinances of Palm Beach County, Florida. The Sections of the Ordinance may be renumbered or relettered to accomplish such, and the word "ordinance" may be changed to "section," "article," or any other appropriate word.

Section 22. EFFECTIVE DATE

The provisions of this Ordinance shall become effective upon receipt of acknowledgement by the Secretary of State. APPROVED AND ADOPTED by the Board of County Commissioners of Palm Beach County, Florida, on the \_\_\_\_\_16 \_, 199<sup>1</sup>.

> PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA BY ITS BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Chairman

APPROVED AS TO FORM AND LEGAL SUFFICIENCY

County Attorney

JOHN B. DUNKLE, CLERK Board of County Commissioners

By Tousand DEPUTY CLERK

Acknowledgement by the Department of State of the State of Florida on this, the 22nd day of July, 1991.

Acknowledgement from the Department of EFFECTIVE DATE: , 199\_1, at 10:38 25th day of July State received on the A.M., and filed in the office of the Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners of Palm Beach County, Florida.

> STATE OF FLORIDA, COUNTY OF PALM BEACH I, JOHN B. DUNKLE, ex-officio Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners certify this to be a true and correct copy of the original filed in my office on 7/16/9/ DATED at West Palm Seach, FL on 7/30/9/.
>
> JOHN B. DUNKLE, Clerk.
>
> Bv: D.C.

## EXHIBIT "A"

### Generic Substances List

*	Acid and basic cleaning solutions
*	Antifreeze and coolants
*	Arsenic and arsenic compounds
*	Bleaches, Peroxides
*	Brake and transmission fluids
*	Brine solution
*	Casting and Foundry chemicals
*	Caulking agents and sealants
*	Cleaning solvents
*	Corrosion and rust prevention solutions
*	Cutting fluids
*	Degreasing solvents
*	Disinfectants
*	Electroplating solutions
*	Explosives
*	Fertilizers
*	Fire Extinguishing chemicals
*	Food processing wastes
*	Formaldehyde
*	Fuels and additives
*	Glues, adhesives and resins
*	Greases
*	Hydraulic fluid
*	Indicators
*	Industrial and commercial janitorial supplies
*	Industrial sludges and stillbottoms
*	Inks, printing and photocopying chemicals
*	Laboratory chemicals
*	Liquid storage batteries
*	Medical, pharmaceutical, dental, veterinary and hospital solutions
*	Mercury and mercury compounds
*	Metals finishing solutions
*	Oils
*	Paints, primers, thinners, dyes, stains, wood preservatives,
	varnishing and cleaning compounds
*	Painting solvents
*	PCB's
*	Pesticides and herbicides
*	Plastic resins, plasticizers and catalysts
*	Photo development chemicals
*	Poisons
*	Polishes
*	Pool chemicals
*	Processed dust and particulates
*	Radioactive sources
*	Reagents and standards
*	Refrigerants Resting chamicals and scalars
*	Roofing chemicals and sealers
*	Sanitizers, disinfectants, bactericides and algaecides
*	Soaps, detergents and surfactants Solders and fluxes
*	
*	Stripping compounds Temping industry chemicals
*	Tanning industry chemicals Transformer and capacitor oils/fluids
*	Water and wastewater treatment chemicals
	water and wastewater treatment chemicals

EXHIBIT "B"
Operating and Closure Permits\*

	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3
Cash Bond	\$20,000	\$10,000	\$5,000
Permit Bond with Corporate Surety	\$20,000	\$10,000	\$5,000
Letter of Credit	\$20,000	\$10,000	\$5,000

Amounts reflected in this table are for each Operating and Closure Permit issued and may be adjusted by the Palm Beach County Department of Environmental Resources Management.

### EXHIBIT "C" Fee Schedule

1. <u>WELLFIELD PROTECTION OPERATING PERMIT APPLICATION FEE</u> -- All applicants for a Wellfield Protection Operating Permit shall pay a non-refundable filing fee according to the following schedule:

Wellfield Zone
1 or 2

\$550

\$350

\$275

The filing fee shall be paid prior to acceptance of the permit application for review. The fee shall be used to defray the cost of administering this Ordinance.

- 2. FEE FOR PERMIT TO APPLY PESTICIDES IN WELLFIELD ZONES -- All applicants for a permit to apply pesticides in Wellfield Zones shall pay a non-refundable filing fee in the amount of \$150 The filing fee shall be paid prior to acceptance of the permit application for review. The fee shall be used to defray the cost of administering this Ordinance.
- 3. <u>CLOSURE PERMIT FEE</u> -- All applicants for a closure permit shall pay a fee equal to one-half (1/2) of the fee for the Wellfield Protection Operating Permit Application.
- 4. <u>PERMIT TRANSFER FEE</u> -- The fee for transfer of any Wellfield Protection Operating Permit, permit to apply pesticides or closure permit shall be fifty dollars (\$50) to defray the cost of processing the transfer.
- 5. ANNUAL PERMIT RENEWAL FEE -- Beginning October 2, 1990, all permittees shall pay an annual permit renewal fee for each permitted facility to defray the costs of administering this Ordinance. The fee shall be paid according to the following schedule:

Permit Fee
\$150
\$100
\$ 75
\$ 50
\$ 35

All permits issued prior to September 30, 1990 are subject to an annual fee for the year beginning on the following October 1. Any permits issued in subsequent years are subject to an annual fee the following October 1.

- 6. <u>SPECIAL EXEMPTION FEE</u> -- Any person seeking a special exemption shall pay a fee of \$200 to defray the cost of processing the request, in addition to any appropriate permit fees.
- 7. GENERAL EXEMPTION FEE -- Any person seeking a general exemption pursuant to Section 12.02, 12.03 or 12.07 shall pay a fee of \$100 to defray the cost of processing the request, in addition to the appropriate permit fees.
- 8. EXISTING FACILITIES -- Facilities existing prior to the adoption of this fee schedule shall have a minimum Permit Application Fee of twenty-five (\$25) dollars up to 2500 square feet of space in which the permitted activity occupies. Facilities greater than 2500 square feet will be charged five (\$5) dollars per 1000 square feet with a maximum fee of Five Hundred (\$500) dollars. A late fee of twenty-five (\$25) dollars shall be charged if the application for permit is late.
- 9. LATE FEE -- A fee of ten percent of the application fee or a minimum of twenty-five (\$25) dollars for annual renewals shall be charged if the application for permit or annual renewal fee is late. Should the application with associated fees not be provided within sixty (60) days from the date due, then additional late fees of Fifty Dollars (\$50) per month shall be charged until the application and fees are received.

### EXHIBIT "D"

### "Best Management Practices" for the Construction Industry

- A. The general Contractor, or if none, the property owner, shall be responsible for assuring that each contractor or subcontractor evaluates each site before construction is initiated to determine if any site conditions may pose particular problems for the handling of any Regulated Substances. For instance, handling Regulated Substances in the proximity of water bodies or wetlands may be improper.
- B. If any regulated substances are stored on the construction site during the construction process, they shall be stored in a location and manner which will minimize any possible risk of release to the environment. Any storage container of 55 gallons, or 440 pounds, or more containing Regulated Substances shall have constructed below it an impervious containment system constructed of materials of sufficient thickness, density and composition that will prevent the discharge to the land, groundwaters, or surface waters, of any pollutant which may emanate from said storage container or containers. Each containment system shall be able to contain 150% of the contents of all storage containers above the containment system.
- C. Each contractor shall familiarize him/herself with the manufacturer's safety data sheet supplied with each material containing a Regulated Substance and shall be familiar with procedures required to contain and clean up any releases of the Regulated Substance. Any tools or equipment necessary to accomplish same shall be available in case of a release.
- D. Upon completion of construction, all unused and waste Regulated Substances and containment systems shall be removed from the construction site by the responsible contractor and shall be disposed of in a proper manner as prescribed by law.

### EXHIBIT "E"

Organic Priority Pollutants Referred to in Section 5.02(g) of this Ordinance Referencing Chapter 17-550, Florida Administrative Code

endrin lindane (g-BHC) methoxychlor toxaphene 2,4-D 2,4,5-TP bromodichloromethane dibromochloromethane bromoform chloroform

trichloroethene tetrachloroethene carbon tetrachloride vinyl chloride 1,1,1-trichloethane 1,2-dichloroethane benzene ethylene dibromide p-chlorobenzene 1,1-dichloroethene styrene m-dichlorobenzene o-dichlorobenzene 1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP) 1,1,1,2-tetrachloroethane 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane methyl tert-butyl-ether (MTBE) 1,1-dichloropropene o-chlorotoluene

chloradane dieldrin heptachlor aldicarb aldicarb sulfoxide aldicarb sulfone dalapon carbofuran oxamyl simazine atrazine picloram dinoseb alachlor metolachlor dicamba pentachlorophenol

bromobenzene bromomethane chlorobenzene chloroethane p-chlorotoluene chloromethane dibromomethane dichlorodifluoromethane

1,1-dichloroethane trans-1,3-dichloropropene cis-1,2-dichloroethene 1,2-dichloropropane 1,3-dichloropropane 2,2-dichloropropane cis-1,3-dichloropropane ethylbenzene

methylene chloride 1,1,2-trichloroethane trichlorofluoromethane 1,2,3-trichloropropane toluene

m-xylene o-xylene p-xylene

bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate butyl benzyl phthalate di-n-butylphthalate diethylphthalate dimethylphthalate 2,4-dinitrotoluene dioctylphthalate

hexachlorocyclopentadiene

isophorone

2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene

PCB-1016 PCB-1221 PCB-1232 PCB-1242 PCB-1248 PCB-1254 PCB-1260

2-chlorophenol

2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol

phenol 2,4,6-trichlorophenol

### INORGANIC PRIORITY POLLUTANTS

## Referred to in Section 5.02(g) of this Ordinance

Mercury Cadmium Chromium Nickel

Lead Arsenic Selenium Cyanide

### EXHIBIT "F"

MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR SEWER PIPE FITTINGS, COATINGS, and LEAKAGE TESTING:

- A. Ductile Iron Pipes and Fittings for Gravity Sewer and Force Main Application:
  - Ductile iron pipe shall conform to the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C151/A21.51-86 unless otherwise noted on the plans. The pipe shall be Class 50 thickness for pipe 6 in. or larger in size and Class 51 for pipe smaller than 6 in. Glands for mechanical joints shall be of ductile iron or cast iron.
  - Fittings shall conform to the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C110/A21.10-87. Fittings 12 in. and smaller shall have a 250 psi minimum working pressure.
  - 3. Flanged ductile iron pipe shall be Class 53. Flanged ductile iron pipe and fittings shall have threaded flanges, unless otherwise noted on the drawings, and shall conform to ANSI/AWWA C115/A21.15-83. All flanges shall be Class 1560, ANSI B16.5 All above grades flanges shall be flat faced unless they are mating up to existing, or otherwise specified, raised flanges. ALl gaskets shall be full faced 1/8" red rubber.
  - Joints shall conform to the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11-85.
- B. Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe (PVC) and Fittings for Gravity and Sewer Force Main Applications:
  - Gasketed Joint Pipe:
  - a. Pipe 4 in. or larger in diameter shall conform to the requirements as set forth in AWWA C900-81 with dimension ration DR 18. Provisions must be made for contraction and expansion at each joint, or with rubber ring and an integral bell as part of each joint, or by a rubber ring sealed coupling. Clean, reworked material generated from the manufacturer's own pipe production may be used. Fittings shall be cast or ductile iron. Pipe shall have cast iron pipe equivalent outside dimensions.
  - b. Pipe smaller than 4 in. in diameter shall conform to Commercial Standard CS 256 and ASTM D-22141. Provisions shall be made for contraction and expansion at each joint with a rubber ring, and an integral bell as part of each joint, or by a rubber ring sealed coupling. Pipe shall be made from SDR 21, 200 psi clean, virgin NSF approved Type I, Grade 1 PVC conforming to ASTM D-1784. Clean reworked material generated from the manufacturer's own pipe production may be used. Fittings for pipe smaller than 4 in. in diameter shall be PVC.
- C. Coatings: The lining material for ductile iron pipe and fittings shall be virgin polyethylene complying with ANSI/ASTM D1248, compounded with an inert filler and with sufficient carbon black to resist ultraviolet rays during aboveground storage of the pipe and fittings. The polyethylene shall be bonded to the interior of the pipe or fitting by heat.
- D. Leakage Tests: The test shall be of two (2) hour duration. During the test, the pipe being tested shall be maintained at pressure of not less that 150 psi. Leakage is defined as the quantity of water added to the pipe being tested during the test period. No pipe installation will be accepted if the leakage exceeds the quantities specified in AMHA C-600, Section 4.2.. No more than 500 feet of gravity sewer main or 1000 feet of force main shall be tested at one time.
- nE. Manholes: Manholes shall be precast and coated with an inert impervious material. Manhole inlets and outlets shall be tightly sealed around the sewer pipe and coated to prevent leakage.